SREENIVASA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT STUDIES (Autonomous)

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

I MBA - I Sem

Regulation R22

MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

Faculty in Charge: Dr.Jyoshna.C Department: MBA

SREENIVASA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT STUDIES (Autonomous)

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

QUESTION BANK

22MBA111BEHAVIOR4	T P		
	II	C	
	0 0	4	
Course Educational Objectives (CEO):		-	
CEO1: To make students to understand the basic perspectives of management conc	epts, the	ories	
and practices			
CEO2: To gain and apply the basic knowledge for understanding functio	nal area	s of	
management			
CEO3 : To provide the students with the conceptual framework and theories of o	organizat	ional	
behavior			
CEO4 : To make students to understand the concepts of leadership and motivation			
CEO5 : To analyze the group dynamics and conflicting situation in business organization			
0	cture Hrs		
Management concept, Significance, Levels, Functions -Management as an Art,			
Profession - F.W Taylor's Scientific management Theory - Fayol's theory Manage	ement –S	Social	
Responsibilities.			
8	cture Hrs		
Introduction, Planning, Process of planning - Techniques of Decision making			
Organization Structure, Span of Control, Line and Staff, Delegation, Centr		and	
Decentralization, Staffing, Direction, Controlling and its Techniques, Co-ordination		10	
	cture Hrs		
Meaning, Nature and Scope of Organizational Behavior – Perception: Factor		0	
Perception, Learning: Principles of Learning, Theories: Classical condition			
conditioning and Social Learning Theory. Personality: Determinants and	Ineorie	S OI	
Personality–Trait Theory, Sigmund Freud Theory, Erickson Theory.UNIT - IVLeadership and MotivationLeadership	cture Hrs	.10	
Leadership, Trait Approach to Leadership, Leadership Styles -Managerial Grid -			
Vs Transformational leadership, Motivation: Theories of Maslow, Herzberg, Theory X, Theory Y & Theory Z.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	cture Hrs	:12	
Group Dynamics, Transactional Analysis and Johari Window, Management of			
Conflicts, Organisational Change and Development, Theories of Planned Chan			
Change, Factors affecting Change.			
Course Outcomes:			
On successful completion of the course the student will be able to, POs & PSOs related to			
-	COs		
	O6, PSO	01	
1 COT Charlistana ine basic concepts, incorres of management and 1 OI, I	-		

-			
CO2	Apply various functions and techniques of management.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1	
CO3	Analyse the fundamentals of organizational behavior,	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,	
	theories of Learning and Personality.	PSO1, PSO2	
CO4	Analyse different styles of leadership and theories of	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1,	
	motivation.	PSO2	
CO5	Analyze group dynamics and conflicting situations in	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,	
	business organizations.	PSO2	
Text B	ooks:		
	Organizational Behavior, 18/e, Neharika Vohra Stephen P. R Pearson Education, 2022.	obbins, Timothy A. Judge,	
	Essentials of Management, 10/e., Koontz H and Weihrich H 2015.	, McGraw-Hill, New York,	
	 Organizational Behavior, 15/e, Stephen P. Robbins, Pearson Education, San Diego, 2013. 		
Refer	ence Books:		
1. Organizational Behavior, 9/e, Steven L. McShane, Mary Ann Von Glinow, et al., McGraw Hill, 2002.			
	2. Organizational Behavior Emerging Knowledge, 9/e, Global Reality, 2021, Steven McShane and Mary Von Glinow.		
3.	3. Organizational Behaviour, 12 /e, Fred Luthans, Tata McGrawHill, NewDelhi, 2010.		
4. Organizational Behaviour, 15/e, Robbins, SP, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2012.			
5. Management and Organisational Behaviour, 4/e, Subbarao P, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 2010.			
O	nline Learning Resources:		
htt	ps://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-business-manageme	ent/	
http://www.mim.ac.mw/books/Management%20&%20Organizational%20Behaviour,%207th%			
20edition.pdf			
https://ccsuniversity.ac.in/bridge-library/pdf/Main-			
	Principles%20of%20Management%20and%20Organisational%20Behaviour.pdf		
htt	https://www.ripublication.com/gjfm-spl/gjfmv6n6_12.pdf		

SREENIVASA INSTITUTE of TECHNOLOGY and MANAGEMENT STUDIES (Autonomous)

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

QUESTION BANK

Q. No.	QUESTIONS	PO ATTAINMENT	
UNIT - I			
PART – A TWO MARKS QUESTIONS			
1	Define Management.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
2	Explain significance of Management.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
3	What are the levels of Management?	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
4	What are functions of Management?	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
5	Define planning function.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
6	What do you mean by organizing?	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
7	Define staffing function.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
8	What do you mean by social responsibilities?	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
9	Write about directing function.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
10	What do you meant by unity of command?	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
11	What are the principles of Fayol's management?	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
12	Write about Management as an art.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
13	Explain the significance of Management.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
14	What are the objectives of Management?	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
	PART – B TEN MARKS QUESTIONS		
1	Explain the concept of management and its significance.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
2	Demonstrate the three levels of management. Explain each	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
	level's functions.		
3	Describe F.W. Taylor's Scientific Management Theory.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
	Explain its importance in the workplace.		
4	Discuss about Fayol's Theory of Management. Explain its	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
	significance in the field of management.		
5	Discuss about social responsibilities of management.	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
	Explain how they contribute to society.		
6	Elucidate the differences between top-level, middle-level	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
	and bottom-level management.		
7	Explain various functions of Management to perform in the	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
	current scenario.		
8	Discuss about how Management can be considered as an	PO1, PO6, PSO1	
	Art, Science and Profession.		
	UNIT - II		
	PART – A TWO MARKS QUESTIONS		
1	What are the functions of management?	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1	
2	Define planning function.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1	
3	Explain the process of planning.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1	

4	Write about the techniques of decision making.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
5	Define organizing function.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
6	Define organization structure.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
7	What do you meant by span of control?	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
8	Define line organization.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
9	Define staff organization.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
10	Differentiate line organization and staff organization.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
11	What do you meant by delegation?	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
12	Define centralization.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
13	Define decentralization.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
14	Differentiate centralization and decentralization.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
15	What do you meant by controlling?	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
	PART – B TEN MARKS QUESTIONS	
1	Explain how can you design an organizational structure that	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
	defines the roles, responsibilities, and relationships among	
	employees.	
2	Explain delegation of authority, and how does it differ from centralization and decentralization.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
3	Discuss about Planning and explain Process of planning.	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
4	Demonstrate span of control, and how does it affect	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
	organizational design.	101,102,100,1501
5	Design a scenario that highlights the importance of	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
	coordination in management.	
6	Discuss and differentiate Centralization and	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
7	Decentralization. Elucidate the various Techniques of Decision making that	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
/	impacts organizational performance.	FO1, FO2, FO0, FSO1
8	Explain about Controlling and how its Techniques helps the	PO1, PO2, PO6, PSO1
	organization in improving its effectiveness.	
	UNIT – III	
	PART – A TWO MARKS QUESTIONS	
1	Define organizational behavior.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
		PSO1, PSO2
2	Explain the nature of organizational behavior.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
3	Write about the scope of organizational behavior.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
5	write about the scope of organizational behavior.	PSO1, PSO2
4	Explain the importance of organizational behavior.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
		PSO1, PSO2
5	Define perception.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
		PSO1, PSO2
6	What are the factors influencing perception?	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
		PSO1, PSO2

7	Define learning.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
,	Define fourning.	PSO1, PSO2
8	Write about the principles of learning.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
		PSO1, PSO2
9	What are the theories of learning?	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
		PSO1, PSO2
10	Define personality.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
		PSO1, PSO2
11	What are the determinants of personality?	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
10		PSO1, PSO2
12	What are the theories of personality?	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
	PART – B TEN MARKS QUESTIONS	PSO1, PSO2
1		
1	Discuss about perception and explain what factors that	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
2	influences it.	PSO1, PSO2
Z	Demonstrate how you can apply the principles of learning in a work environment.	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
3	Explain the theories of personality, and how do they differ	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
5	from each other.	PSO1, PSO2, PO3, PO0, PSO1, PSO2
4	Discuss about the significance of trait theory in	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
-	understanding personality.	PSO1, PSO2
5	Design a scenario that highlights the importance of	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
U	communication in organizational behavior.	PSO1, PSO2
6	Explain classical conditioning, and how does it differ from	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
	operant conditioning.	PSO1, PSO2
7	Discuss about social learning theory, and how does it explain	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
	human behavior.	PSO1, PSO2
8	Explain the determinants of personality, and how do they	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
	affect an individual's behavior.	PSO1, PSO2
9	Judge the value of Sigmund Freud's theory and Ericksons	PO1, PO2, PO5, PO6,
	Theotyin understanding personality.	PSO1, PSO2
	UNIT - IV	
	PART – A TWO MARKS QUESTIONS	
1	Define leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1,
		PSO2
2	Explain the functions of leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1,
2		PSO2
3	Differentiate leader and leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1,
Λ	What do you maant by trait angreash?	
4	what do you meant by trait approach?	
5	What are the leadership styles?	
3	what are the leadership styles?	
6	What do you meant by autocratic leader?	
0	what do you meant by autocratic reader :	
3 4 5 6	Differentiate leader and leadership. What do you meant by trait approach? What are the leadership styles? What do you meant by autocratic leader?	PO1, PO3, PO6, PS PSO2 PO1, PO3, PO6, PS PSO2 PO1, PO3, PO6, PS PSO2 PO1, PO3, PO6, PS PSO2

7	What do you meant by democratic leadership style?	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
8	Define participative leadership style.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
9	What do you meant by managerial grid?	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
10	Define transactional leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
11	Define transformational leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
12	Differentiate leadership and transformational leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
13	Define motivation.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
14	What are the assumptions of Theory Y?	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
15	What are the assumptions of Theory Z?	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
16	Write about Theory Z.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
17	What do you meant by Maslow theory?	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
18	What are the two factors of Herzberg Theory?	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
	PART – B TEN MARKS QUESTIONS	
1	Discuss about Trait Approach to Leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
2	Explain Behavioral Theory of Leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
3	Discuss and differentiate Vs Transformational leadership.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
4	Explain different styles of leadership and its contemporary issues.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
5	Define Motivation. Demonstrate the application of various motivational theories in Management.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
6	Explain a. Maslow's need hierarchy theory. b. Herzberg Two Factor theory.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
7	Discuss about various assumptions of Theory X, Theory Y & Theory Z.	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
	UNIT - V	
	PART – A TWO MARKS QUESTIONS	
1	What do you meant by behavioral dynamics?	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
2	Define group dynamics.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1, PSO2

3	Explain the importance of group dynamics.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
		PSO2
4	Define interpersonal relations.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
		PSO2
5	Explain how to analyse interpersonal relations.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
6	What do you maant by transactional analysic?	PSO2
6	What do you meant by transactional analysis?	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
7	Define ego states.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
		PSO2
8	Write about Johari window.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
		PSO2
9	What do you meant by Management of Organisational	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
	conflicts?	PSO2
10	Explain the reasons for Organisational conflicts.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
		PSO2
11	Define change management.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
		PSO2
12	Explain the importance of change management.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
		PSO2
	PART – B TEN MARKS QUESTIONS	
1	Explain the concept of Group Dynamics.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1, PSO2
2	Discuss about Transactional Analysis and how is it used in	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
	organizational behavior.	PSO2
3	Explain the Johari Window model and its applications in	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
	organizational settings.	PSO2
4	Demonstrate Organizational Conflict and how can it be	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
	managed.	PSO2
5	Discuss about Management of Organisational conflicts and	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
	explain conflict resolution mechanism.	PSO2
6	Explain the concept of Organizational Change and	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
	Development.	PSO2
7	Elucidate various Theories of Planned Change and explain	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
	Impact of Change on organizations.	PSO2
8	Explain the Factors affecting Change in organizations.	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
	Emploin here and Origin (1, 1, D, 1, 1, (OD))	PSO2
9	Explain how can Organizational Development (OD)	PO1, PO5, PO6, PSO1,
1	interventions be used to manage change.	PSO2